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ROLL No. ☐☐☐☐☐☐

TEST BOOKLET No. **136**

TEST FOR M.A. APPLIED ECONOMICS

Time: 2 Hours   Maximum Marks: 450

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

1. You are provided with a Test Booklet and an Optical Mark Reader (OMR) Answer Sheet to mark your responses. Do not soil the Answer Sheet. Read carefully all the instructions given on the Answer Sheet.

2. Write your Roll Number in the space provided on the top of this page.

3. Also write your Roll Number, Test Code, and Test Subject in the columns provided for the same on the Answer Sheet. Darken the appropriate bubbles with a Ball Point Pen.

4. The paper consists of 150 objective type questions. All questions carry equal marks.

5. Each question has four alternative responses marked A, B, C and D and you have to darken the bubble fully by a Ball Point Pen corresponding to the correct response as indicated in the example shown on the Answer Sheet.

6. Each correct answer carries 3 marks and each wrong answer carries 1 minus mark.

7. Space for rough work is provided at the end of this Test Booklet.

8. You should return the Answer Sheet to the Invigilator before you leave the examination hall. However, you can retain the Test Booklet.

9. Every precaution has been taken to avoid errors in the Test Booklet. In the event of any such unforeseen happenings, the same may be brought to the notice of the Observer/Chief Superintendent in writing. Suitable remedial measures will be taken at the time of evaluation, if necessary

TEST FOR M.A. APPLIED ECONOMICS

1. Who has shifted the emphasis from the production of wealth to 'Distribution of wealth'?

    (A) Ricardo   (B) Mathus
    (C) Adam Smith   (D) Malthus

2. Who first coined and used the terms Microeconomics and Macroeconomics?

    (A) Keynes   (B) Marshall
    (C) J.B. Say   (D) Ragnar Frisch

3. Who stated that indifference curve technique is merely "The old wine in a new bottle"?

    (A) Hicks   (B) Keynes
    (C) D.H. Robertson   (D) Marshall

4. The shape of the perfectly inelastic demand curve is

    (A) parabola
    (B) hyperbola
    (C) straight line parallel to X-axis
    (D) straight line perpendicular to X-axis

5. Price effect = income effect + substitution effect, according to

    (A) Marshall   (B) Slutsky
    (C) Keynes   (D) Hicks

6. The elasticity of substitution between any two inputs is unity in the case of

    (A) CES production function
    (B) Linear production function
    (C) Cobb-Douglas production function
    (D) Leontief production function

7. Linear homogeneous production function represented

    (A) increasing returns to scale
    (B) constant returns to scale
    (C) decreasing returns to scale
    (D) None of the above

8. The difference between the law of variable proportions and law of returns is

    (A) law of variable proportions in the short run and law of returns in the very short period
    (B) law of variable proportions in the short run and law of returns in the long run
    (C) law of variable proportions in the long run and law of returns in the short run
    (D) law of variable proportions in the long run and law of returns in the very short period

9. Copy right is an example of

    (A) legal monopoly   (B) natural monopoly
    (C) dumping   (D) monopoly competition

10 Average product can be defined as

    (A) total product divided by price per unit
    (B) total product divided by average fixed cost
    (C) total product divided by the number of units of inputs used
    (D) total product divided by average variable cost

11. A cost incurred in the past which is not affected by a current decision is known as

    (A) fixed cost   (B) opportunity cost
    (C) sunk cost   (D) relevant cost

12. A market structure which satisfies three conditions of Pareto Optimality

    (A) Monopolistic Competition
    (B) Perfect Competition
    (C) Oligopoly
    (D) Monopoly

13. "Interest is the reward for parting with liquidity for a specified period", according to

    (A) Keynes   (B) Halm
    (C) Marshall   (D) Samuelson

14. Who wrote the book "Risk, uncertainty and profit"?

    (A) Taussig   (B) Walker
    (C) H. Knight   (D) J.B. Clark

15. The concept of Quasi – Rent was propounded by

    (A) Joan Robienson   (B) Marshall
    (C) J.R. Hicks   (D) Robertson

16. If the marginal propensity to consume is .8, the investment multiplier is

    (A) 4   (B) 5
    (C) 2   (D) 8

17 The Relative income hypothesis is associated with the name of

    (A) James Duesenberry   (B) Keynes
    (C) Milton Friedman   (D) Evans

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18. The interaction between multiplier and accelerator has been developed by

   (A) Keynes   (B) Hansen
   (C) Samuelson   (D) J.B. Clark

19. The trade-off between unemployment and inflation has been explained by

   (A) indifference curve   (B) demand curve
   (C) Phillips curve   (D) Laffer curve

20. Which of the following is one of the famous contributions of Irving Fisher to Economics?

   (A) Cambridge version of the behavior of money
   (B) Fisher's equation which states that MV=PT
   (C) Fisher's equation which states that MV=CT
   (D) Fisher's equation which states that MP=VT

21 Sharp model is related to

   (A) money supply   (B) taxation
   (C) share market   (D) borrowings

22. Among the following, which is the best definition of National Income?

   (A) National Income is the money value of all final goods and services produced in a country during a period of one year
   (B) National Income is the money value of all final goods produced in a country during a period of one year
   (C) National Income is the value of all final goods produced in a country during a period of one year
   (D) National Income is the outcome of all economic activities of a nation valued in terms of money

23 The term Ratchet effect is associated to

   (A) production   (B) distribution
   (C) consumption   (D) exchange

24. Let S = 100 + 0.4Y, where S = savings, Y = income. Then the marginal propensity to consume is

(A) 0.4   (B) 0.6
(C) 0.7   (D) 0.1

25. Laffer Curve analysis mainly deals with

(A) demand side economics   (B) supply side economics
(C) fiscal side economics   (D) monetary side economics

26. Which article of the Indian Constitution empowers the appointment of Finance Commissions?

(A) Article 280   (B) Article 73
(C) Article 74   (D) Article 208

27. Who is the Chairman of the 14th Finance Commission?

(A) Y V Reddy   (B) Rangarajan
(C) Ahluwalia   (D) Prime Minister

28. What is regressive taxation?

(A) A direct relation between tax rate and income
(B) An inverse relation between tax rate and income
(C) A constant rate between tax rate and income
(D) None of these

29 In India, five year plans are approved by

(A) Finance minister   (B) Prime minister
(C) Parliament   (D) NDC

30 The year in which NABARD was started

(A) 1969   (B) 1980
(C) 1982   (D) 1991

31. A consistency model for Indian's Fourth Plan was formulated by

    (A) P.C. Mahalanobis   (B) A.K. Sen
    (C) K.N. Raj   (D) T.N. Krishnan

32. The book entitled "Indian Economic Planning in its Broader Setting" has been written by

    (A) G. Myrdal   (B) A.K. Sen
    (C) P.C. Mahalanobis   (D) K.N. Raj

33. Who introduced the concept of "disguised unemployment"?

    (A) Ragnar Nurkse   (B) G. Mydral
    (C) K.K. Kurihara   (D) W.A. Lewis

34. The statement, 'The division of labour is limited by the extent of market' is due to

    (A) Adam Smith   (B) J.B. Say
    (C) David Ricardo   (D) Alfred Marshall

35. The concept of technological dualism has been put forward by

    (A) B. Higgins   (B) J.H. Boeke
    (C) A. Lewis   (D) Rosenstein - Rodan

36. The term 'golden age of full employment equilibrium' has been coined by

    (A) Rosenstein - Rodan   (B) J. Robinson
    (C) G. Myrdal   (D) Leibenstein

37 Who put forward the theory of 'financial dualism'?

    (A) J.H. Boeke   (B) A. Lewis
    (C) B. Higgins   (D) H. Myint

38. Who proposed Direct Product Activities for speedy development?

   (A) Hirshman   (B) Nurkse
   (C) Marshall   (D) Schumpeter

39 The growth strategy of "growth with zero or minimum social cost" is called in development as

   (A) optimum development
   (B) sustainable development
   (C) progressive development
   (D) None of these

40 Dandekar and Rath defined poverty on the basis of

   (A) wealth   (B) calorie
   (C) entitlements   (D) income

41 If any individual can enjoy a benefit, without paying for it, it is a case of

   (A) scam   (B) free rider
   (C) theft   (D) injustice

42 In the case of a direct tax

   (A) impact and incidence will be on the same person
   (B) impact will be on tax payer
   (C) incidence and impact will be on different persons
   (D) incidence will be on the tax payer

43. Among the following, which is the best example for international public good?

   (A) Western Ghats   (B) River Nile
   (C) Silent Valley   (D) Biological diversity

44. If 'M' is initial deposit and 'r' is the cash reserve ratio, the formula for deposit multiplier is

    (A) $M \times r$ (B) M / r

    (C) $M / 1 - r$ (D) $M / 1 + r$

45. Bills of exchange are sometimes known as

    (A)   Near money   (B)   Transferable asset

    (C)   Business obligations   (D)   Reporate

46 Which of the following is the least liquid asset?

    (A)   Shares   (B)   Time deposit

    (C)   Cash at hand   (D)   Plant and Machinery

47 Which of the following components of demand for money can be better described as a function of rate of interest?

    (A)   Transactions   (B)   Precautionary

    (C)   Speculative   (D)   Devaluation

48. An initial deposit of Rs.1000 is multiplied to Rs.5000 if the value of the deposit multiplier is

    (A)   6   (B)   5

    (C)   4   (D)   2.5

49. Offer curve in international trade has been introduced by

    (A)   Marshall   (B)   Meade

    (C)   Leontief   (D)   Haberler

50. The theory of opportunity cost in trade was developed by

    (A)   Haberler   (B)   Graham

    (C)   Meade   (D)   Myint

51 Name the economist who introduced the theory of 'immiserising growth'

(A) Keynes (B) J.S. Mill
(C) A.K. Sen (D) Jagdish Bhagwati

52. Who suggested the formula $T_i = 1/e - 1$, to measure the rate of optimum tariff?

(A) Prof. Lipsey (B) Prof. Kindleberger
(C) Samuelson (D) J.S. Mill

53 The purchasing power parity theory was developed by

(A) J.S. Mill (B) Cassel
(C) Marshall (D) Pigou

54. The term "glocalisation" can be a part of

(A) WTO (B) E governance
(C) Local Planning (D) LPG

55. The author of the book ARGUMENTATIVE MAN is

(A) A .K. Sen (B) Jagadeesh Bagavati
(C) Mahatma Gandhi (D) Jawaharlal Nehru

56. The head quarters of Small Industrial Development Bank of India is located at

(A) Delhi (B) Lucknow
(C) Hyderabad (D) Kolkotta

57 "Current Daily Status" is a concept used in measuring

(A) daily average stock of money supply
(B) daily average stock of Foreign Exchange Reserves
(C) rate of inflation
(D) employment and unemployment

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58. SAFTA is

(A) South African Free Trade Area
(B) South American Free Trade Area
(C) South Asian Free Trade Area
(D) South Asian Free Trade Agreement

59. Who was the first economist who advocated the concept of "Rolling plan" for developing countries?

(A) A.K. Sen   (B) G. Myrdal
(C) K.N. Raj   (D) P.C. Mahalanobis

60. The World Bank was established in the year

(A) 1950   (B) 1948
(C) 1947   (D) 1945

61 The headquarters of Asian Development Bank (ADB) is located at

(A) Manila   (B) New York
(C) Tokyo   (D) Paris

62. IMF was established in

(A) 1951   (B) 1947
(C) 1944   (D) 1930

63. What is the expansion of IBRD?

(A) International Bank for Rural Development
(B) International Bank for Reconstruction and Development
(C) International Bank for Revenue Development
(D) International Bank for Revenue Deployment

64. The share of food crops in the gross cropped area of Kerala State (2012) was

   (A) below 10 per cent
   (B) between 10 and 20 per cent
   (C) between 20 to 30 per cent
   (D) above 50 per cent

65 Total number of development blocks in Kerala is

   (A) 115   (B) 978
   (C) 999   (D) 152

66. Among the following, who is more associated to the development of Kerala State?

   (A) Dr. John Mathai   (B) Sir C. P Ramaswami
   (C) Basel Mission   (D) Sir Robert Bristo

67. Kerala Institute of Local Administration is located at

   (A) Thrissur   (B) Ernakulam
   (C) Thiruvananthapuram   (D) Kannur

68. In India, agricultural price policy is framed by

   (A) Agriculture ministry (B) ACPC
   (C) Planning Commission   (D) NABARD

69. Chairman of the National Commission on Farmers (2005) was

   (A) M.S. Swaminathan   (B) P.R. Bramanada
   (C) C.N. Vakil   (D) Y.V. Reddy

70. The term "green accounting" is more associated to

   (A) Environmental economics
   (B) Natural resource management
   (C) Agricultural economics
   (D) All of the above

71. In India 14 major commercial banks were nationalised in

   (A) July 1969   (B) August 1970
   (C) July 1967   (D) June 1972

72. In India, credit policy is often announced by

   (A) Finance Ministry   (B) Planning Commission
   (C) Reserve Bank of India (D) State Bank of India

73. Input – output model has been developed by

   (A) Keynes   (B) Boumol
   (C) Wassily Leontief   (D) Marshall

74 The book entitled "An Essay on the Nature and Significance of Economic Science", was written by

   (A) Marshall   (B) Robbins
   (C) Malthus   (D) Keynes

75. Among the following, which agency is more associated to environmental issues?

   (A) UNO   (B) UNCTAD
   (C) UNDP   (D) ADB

76. Derivative of a constant is

   (A) one   (B) zero
   (C) negative   (D) – 2

77. Conditions for minimum value are

   (A) first order and second order derivatives should be equal to zero
   (B) first order derivative should be equal to zero and second order derivative should be less than zero
   (C) first order derivative should be equal to zero and second order derivative should be greater than zero
   (D) first order and second order derivatives should be greater than zero

78. An equation is

   (A) an equality between two quantities
   (B) a statement of equality between two quantities
   (C) a statement of two quantities
   (D) balancing of two quantities

79 The transpose of a transposed matrix is

   (A) always unity   (B) original matrix
   (C) zero   (D) None of the above

80. The set of all possible outcomes of a random, or chance, experiment is called the

   (A) universe   (B) population
   (C) sample space   (D) event

81 A matrix which has same elements in the arrangement on both sides of the diagonal running from north-west to south-east is called

   (A) diagonal matrix   (B) identity matrix
   (C) symmetric matrix   (D) triangular matrix

82. In quadratic equations, the unknown is of

   (A) Second degree   (B) Third degree
   (C) First degree   (D) Nth degree

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83. If there are "n" unknowns in a system of equations, we need equations to solve the system

(A) 2   (B) 3
(C) 100   (D) N

84 In the ratio "m/n", m is called

(A) Antecedent   (B) Consequent
(C) Divisia   (D) Multiplia

85. The base of Napierian is

(A) e   (B) 10
(C) 0   (D) 100

86. The 12th term of the series $(x-3y)$, $(2x-5y)$, $(3x-7y)$ is

(A) $(2x-10y)$ (B) $(3x-10y)$
(C) $(12x-25y)$ (D) None of the above

87 When two real numbers are combined, it is

(A) an association   (B) a commutation
(C) a distribution   (D) an identity

88. If $20/x = 4x/20$, what is the value of x?

(A) 15   (B) 9
(C) 10   (D) 12

89 If $x + 2y = 5$ and $3x - y = 8$, what are the values for x and y?

(A) $\{3,2\}$ (B) $\{3,1\}$
(C) $\{4,2\}$ (D) $\{1,2\}$

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90. If $A = \{1,3, 5,7,9\}$ and $B = \{0,2,5,9\}$, what is $A \cap B$?

(A) $\{5,9\}$ (B) $\{0,5,9\}$

(C) $\{2,5,7\}$ (D) $\{1,3\}$

91 If $A = \{1,3, 5\}$; $B = \{2,4,5,8\}$, what is $A \cup B$?

(A) $A \cup B = \{1,3,5,4\}$ (B) $A \cup B = \{1,2,3,4,5\}$

(C) $A \cup B = \{1,2,3,4,5,8\}$ (D) $A \cup B = \{2,3,4,5\}$

92. If $p^2 + 4p - 5 = 0$, what is p?

(A) $\{1,4\}$ (B) $\{1,-5\}$

(C) $\{1,3\}$ (D) $\{1,2\}$

93. If the demand function is $p = a - bq$, marginal revenue is

(A) $a - bq$ (B) $a - 3bq$

(C) $a - 2bq$ (D) $a - b$

94. If $y = 5x^n$, what is $\dfrac{dy}{dx}$?

(A) $n.x^{n-1}$ (B) $5.n.x^{n-1}$

(C) $5x^{n+1}$ (D) x^{n+1}

95. The equation $x^2 + y^2 = a^2$ represents

(A) quadratic equation   (B) parabola

(C) hyperbola   (D) circle

96. If $AR = 6, MR = 3$, what is the price elasticity of demand?

    (A) 1   (B) 2
    (C) 3   (D) 4

97 If $MR = 5 - 6x$, what is demand function?

    (A) $5 - 4x$ (B) $5 - 3x$
    (C) $5 - x$ (D) $5x - 3x^2$

98. If 'a' and 'b' are two positive quantities, which of the following represents geometric mean?

    (A) $\dfrac{a+b}{2}$ (B) $\sqrt{a \times b}$

    (C) $\dfrac{2}{\frac{1}{a}+\frac{1}{b}}$ (D) $\log\left[\dfrac{a}{b}\right]$

99. The appropriate relationship among three averages is

    (A) $A.M. \leq G.M. \leq H.M$ (B) $A.M = G.M. = H.M$
    (C) $A.M. \geq G.M. \geq H.M$ (D) $A.M. < G.M. > H.M$

100. The sum of the deviations taken from arithmetic mean $\sum\left(X - \bar{X}\right)$ is always equal to

    (A) 1   (B) > 1
    (C) < 1 (D) $= 0$

101. The coefficient of range deviation is measured by the formula

    (A) $\dfrac{L-S}{L+S}$ (B) $\dfrac{L}{L}$

    (C) $\dfrac{L+S}{L-S}$ (D) $\dfrac{L}{L+S}$

102.   The standard deviation of natural numbers 1 to 5 is

   (A) $\sqrt{3}$ (B) $\sqrt{2}$
   (C) $\sqrt{1.8}$ (D) $\sqrt{5}$

103.   In a normal distribution with standard deviation (σ), the mean deviation is

   (A) $\dfrac{2\sigma}{3}$ (B) $\dfrac{3\sigma}{5}$
   (C) $\dfrac{4\sigma}{5}$ (D) $\dfrac{1\sigma}{3}$

104.   Coefficient of variation is given by the formula

   (A) $\dfrac{\sigma}{\bar{X}} \times 100$ (B) $\dfrac{\sigma}{M.D} \times 100$

   (C) $\dfrac{\bar{X}}{\sigma} \times 100$ (D) $\dfrac{\sigma}{Q.D} \times 100$

105.   In a moderately skewed distribution, the relationships among mean, median and mode is

   (A) Mode = median – mean
   (B) Mode = 3 median – 2 mean
   (C) Mode = mean – median
   (D) Mode = 2 median – 3 mean

106. The relationship between correlation coefficient and regression coefficient

(A) $r = \dfrac{b_{xy'}}{y_{yx}}$

(B) $r = \dfrac{b_{xy'} + b_{yx}}{2}$

(C) $r = \dfrac{2}{\dfrac{1}{b_{xy'}} + \dfrac{1}{b_{yx}}}$

(D) $r = \sqrt{b_{yx} \cdot b_{xy'}}$

107. Which of the following index number is an ideal index number?

(A) Laspeyre's
(B) Paasche's
(C) Kelfy's
(D) Fisher's

108. Standard deviation (σ) for standard normal distribution is

(A) $\sigma = 0$
(B) $\sigma = 1$
(C) $\sigma > 1$
(D) $\sigma < 1$

109. If two events A and B are dependent, the conditional probability of B given A is given by

(A) $P(B \mid A) = \dfrac{P(AB)}{P(A)}$

(B) $P(B \mid A) = \dfrac{P(B)}{P(AB)}$

(C) $P(B \mid A) = \dfrac{P(A)}{P(B)}$

(D) $P(B \mid A) = \dfrac{P(B)}{P(A)}$

110. When population under investigation is finite, one can use

(A) sample method
(B) census method
(C) either census or sample method
(D) None of the above

111. Geographical classification means, classification of data according to

    (A) time (B) location
    (C) attributes (D) class intervals

112. If the regression coefficients are 0.9 and 0.4, the value of the correlation coefficients is

    (A) 0.36 (B) 0.60
    (C) 0.81 (D) 0.16

113. A bag contains 30 balls numbered from 1 to 30. One ball is drawn at random. The probability that the number of the ball drawn will be multiple of 5 or 7 is

    (A) 1/3 (B) 1/4
    (C) 1/6 (D) 1/5

114 The extent of dispersion in a sample can be measured using

    (A) mean (B) variance
    (C) standard error (D) correlation coefficient

115. A statistical hypothesis is a statement regarding

    (A) the form of distribution
    (B) the form of distribution or values of unknown parametres in a distribution
    (C) The values of unknown parametres in a distribution
    (D) None of the above

116. To assess the relation between occupation and income, the best method is to use

    (A) Correlation (B) Chi square
    (C) Regression (D) ANOVA

117. Student "t" is used when sample size is

    (A) less than 30   (B) more than 30
    (C) less than 50   (D) more than 100

118. Standard error is defined as the

    (A) standard deviation of the population
    (B) standard deviation of the universe
    (C) standard deviation of the sampling distribution
    (D) mean of the sampling distribution

119. Multiplicative model of time series is

    (A) $R \times S \times C \times I$ (B) $R + S + C + I$
    (C) $R + S \; C - I$ (D) $R + S + C \times I$

    Where R = random variations, S = seasonal, C = cyclical and
    I = irregular

120. If α is the level of significance, $1-\alpha$ is called

    (A) level of insignificance   (B) level of rejection
    (C) power of the test   (D) None of the above

121. Who developed Boson Particle theory in 1924?

    (A) J.C. Bose   (B) S.N. Bose
    (C) S.C. Bose   (D) Nethaji Bose

122. Among the following, which is an inner planet?

    (A) Jupiter   (B) Saturn
    (C) Venus   (D) Uranus

123. Largest desert Sahara is located in

    (A) Southern Africa   (B) North Africa
    (C) South Africa   (D) East Africa

124. Ship "Titanic" made its journey on

    (A) 10th April 1912   (B) 14th April 1913
    (C) 14th April 1914   (D) 14th April 1911

125. Who won gold medal in men's 100 metre race in 2012 Olympics?

    (A) Bolt Usain   (B) Blake Yohan
    (C) Gatlin Justin   (D) James Kirani

126. Nobel Prize in economics for 2012 was awarded to

    (A) Jagadish Bhagawati   (B) Alwin Roth and L.Shapley
    (C) Reghuram Rajan   (D) K. Basu

127 The abolition of the act of child labour in India has been existing since

    (A) 1980   (B) 1982
    (C) 1986   (D) 1990

128. The Director General of World Trade Organisation (WTO) is

    (A) Pascal Lamy   (B) Kofi Annan
    (C) K. Basu   (D) None of the above

129. BRICS Summit 2012 was held in India in

    (A) Bombay   (B) New Delhi
    (C) Chennai   (D) Calcutta

130. Green Revolution was introduced in India in

    (A) mid fifties   (B) mid sixties
    (C) mid seventies   (D) None of the above

131. The word 'gymnastics' comes from the   word for "exercise naked"

    (A) Italian   (B) Greek
    (C) Russian   (D) Arabian

132. Which country won 2012 Nehru cup?

    (A) Cameroon   (B) India
    (C) Syria   (D) Russia

133. How many centuries were made by Sachin Tendulkar in test cricket?

    (A) 50   (B) 51
    (C) 49   (D) 52

134. 2 G spectrum scam is related to

    (A) purchase of arms   (B) deciding telephone charges
    (C) mobile phones   (D) oil fields

135. Currency Euro was launched in the year

    (A) 2001   (B) 2000
    (C) 2003   (D) 2002

136 Russia joined WTO as

    (A) 155th member   (B) 156th member
    (C) 157th member   (D) 154th member

137 The largest producer of tobacco leaves is

    (A) Pakistan   (B) Bangladesh
    (C) India   (D) China

138. The concept PURA was introduced by

    (A) Dr. Manmohan Singh   (B) Dr. Abdulkalam
    (C) Dr. C. Rengarajan   (D) Dr. K.N. Raj

139 The highest literacy state in India is

    (A) Tamil Nadu   (B) Kerala
    (C) Gujarat   (D) Punjab

140. Which one of the following states has the largest road mileage in India?

   (A) Tamil Nadu   (B) Maharashtra
   (C) Kerala   (D) Rajasthan

141. Expansion of APEC

   (A) Asia Pacific Environmental Cooperation
   (B) Asia Pacific Economic Cooperation
   (C) Asia Pacific Economic Conditions
   (D) Africa Pacific Economic Cooperation

142. The theme for 2012 World Environment Day was

   (A) Green Economy
   (B) Green Economy for Sustainable Development
   (C) Green Economy for Stability
   (D) Green Economy: Does it include you?

143. Head quarters of IDA is located at

   (A) Washington   (B) Washington DC
   (C) Geneva   (D) New York

144. Official bird of Kerala state is

   (A) Peacock   (B) Great Indian Hornbill
   (C) Crow   (D) None of the above

145. _____ is the smallest State in the world.

   (A) Rome   (B) Vatican City
   (C) Monaco   (D) Nauru

146. The country which has highest women representation in parliament (2012) is

    (A) Rwanda (49 per cent of total seats)
    (B) Sweden (45 per cent of total seats)
    (C) Denmark (38 per cent of total seats)
    (D) Cuba (36 per cent of total seats)

147 Currency of Chile

    (A) Euro   (B) Peso
    (C) Rupee   (D) Dollar

148. Among the following which country is not a UN member?

    (A) Vietnam   (B) Yemen
    (C) Kosovo   (D) Zambia

149. Central University of Kerala is located at

    (A) Kasargod district   (B) Kannur district
    (C) Wayanad district   (D) Kozhikode district

150. The author of LADIES COUPE is

    (A) Agatha Christie   (B) Anita Loos
    (C) Anita Nair   (D) Svetlana